

## **Patellar Instability Rehabilitation Protocol**

Joseph D. Lamplot, M.D. Referral for Rehabilitation Services



Patient Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_ Diagnosis:\_\_\_\_\_\_ PT Duration:\_\_\_\_/ Week \_\_\_\_\_ Weeks

<u>Phase</u>	<u>Precautions</u>	<u>Treatment Recommendations</u>	<u>Emphasize</u>
Phase 1: Protection Phase Weeks 0-3  Criteria for Advancement: -Fair to good quadriceps contraction -Good patellar mobility in medial direction -ROM: 0° knee extension to 90° knee flexion -0/10 pain at rest -Able to SLR pain-free without quadriceps lag	<ul> <li>Ambulation         without brace         or without         crutches</li> <li>Lateralization         of patella</li> <li>Symptom         provocation:         quadriceps shut         down, joint         effusion, active         inflammation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Emphasize patient compliance to HEP and ambulation</li> <li>Ambulation: WBAT with assistive device to normalize gait pattern.</li> <li>Brace: MD directed; until able to perform pain-free SLR without a lag</li> <li>Cryotherapy: home cold therapy unit</li> <li>Electrical stimulation for quadriceps re-education: quadriceps sets with towel roll under knee</li> <li>Sitting knee ROM exercise: AAROM KF, PROM KE, stationary bike (short crank 90-115°KF)</li> <li>Quadriceps strengthening: progress as tolerated in a pain-free arc of motion, close chain preferred o Estim, biofeedback o Quad set with towel roll under knee; submaximal multi angle isometrics, as needed o Leg press: initiate with improvement of quadriceps contraction monitor arc of motion (bilateral)</li> <li>Hip progressive resisted exercises: all planes, pain-free SLR with brace if lag is present</li> <li>Distal strengthening (PF)</li> <li>Flexibility exercises (hamstrings, gastrocnemius)</li> <li>Initiate balance and proprioceptive training: double limb support for weight shifting with soft knee</li> <li>Gait training</li> </ul>	 Normalize gait with appropriate assistive device Improving quadriceps contraction Controlling pain/effusion Compliance with home instructions: cold therapy, activity modification, quadriceps reeducation with estim unit Straight leg raise (SLR) without lag, pain-free Independent ambulation WBAT w/brace locked in full extension and appropriate assistive device on level surfaces and staris
Phase 2: Gait Phase Weeks 4-6  Criteria for Advancement: -ROM 0°-125° -Normal gait pattern -Good patella mobility -Postural stability, alignment and N-M control in single limb stance -0/10 pain with ADLs and therapeutic exercise -Independent HEP	<ul> <li>Sign and symptom provocation: pain, inflammation, quadriceps shut down, joint effusion</li> <li>Concomitant injuries</li> <li>Lateralization of the patella</li> <li>Pathological gait pattern (quadriceps avoidance; bent knee)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>HEP: advance as tolerated. Continue phase I exercises, as appropriate</li> <li>Patient education: Activity modification, progression of gait training, cryotherapy</li> <li>Patellar mobilization, MD directed</li> <li>ROM exercises:         <ul> <li>Short sitting progressing to stair ROM, supine wall ROM as tolerated (-125°KF in sitting, quad control)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Gait training: heel toe gait pattern with brace and assistive device, prn</li> <li>Quadriceps strengthening: progress as tolerated in a pain-free arc of motion, close chain preferred o Continue with Estim, biofeedback, quad sets, submaximal multi angle isometrics, as needed o Leg press: monitor arc of motion (bilateral, eccentric)</li> <li>Initiate forward step up (FSU) progression, 6" step with adequate strength</li> </ul>	 Symptom control with ADLs, therex Minimizing knee effusion Normal gait pattern Postural stability, alignment, neuro- muscular (N-M) control during stance Control pain, inflammation, effusion Good patella mobility, quad contraction Normalize gait w/ brace, assistive device prn

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Phase 2: Gait Phase Weeks 4-6 (continued)  Arc of motion during exercise

- Bicycle: progressing to standard crank as ROM allows (115° KF in sitting), 80 RPMs
- Flexibility exercises evaluation-based: AROM KF with hip extension in standing
- Advance proximal strength and core training: (i.e. hip extension with knee flexion, side planks, bridge)
- Hydrotherapy for gait, single limb alignment and stability, proximal strengthening
- Balance and proprioceptive training: double limb support on progressively challenging surfaces to single limb support on level surface only with demonstration of good alignment, stability and N-M control

## Phase 3: Strengthening Weeks 7-16

Criteria for Advancement: -ROM WNLs

- -No pain or swelling
  -Normalize gait on level
- -Normalize gait on leve surfaces and stairs
- -Ability to demonstrate alignment, control, stability in single limb stance during dynamic activities
- -Core stability: Single leg bridge - 30 s, Sahrmann \* level 3
- -Symmetry, quality, alignment during selected movement patterns
- -Isokinetic test at 180°/ sec and 300°/sec: 85% limb symmetry index (LSI)

Sign and symptom provocation: pain, and active inflammation/effusion, quadriceps shutdown

- Gait deviations
- "Too much, too soon" progression
- Disregarding quality of movement

HEP, as instructed

- Educate patient: Activity modification, individualized, and cryotherapy
- Quadriceps strengthening: progress as tolerated, monitor arc of motion, closed chain preferred o FSU progression: 6" step progressing to 8" step (dependent on patient height)
  - o Eccentric leg press progressing to:
  - o Forward step down (FSD) progression: 6" step progressing to 8" step (dependent on patient height) o Squat progression: chair, ball if necessary with buttocks moving under ball, free squats to single leg
- ROM exercises: supine
- Gait training to emphasize heel-toe gait pattern with emphasis on loading response
- Advance proximal strength through functional activities (bridging progression, hip extension with KF, clock, RDL, windmill, lawn mower) and core training (planks, side planks, Sahrmann progression)
- Balance progression with postural alignment and N-M control: (static to dynamic, introduce different planes of motion, challenging surfaces middle phase)
- Address muscle imbalances evaluation-based: (i.e.
   2 joint hip flexor length)
- Cross training: elliptical trainer initiated with good strength/ quality during 6' FSU, bicycle (80 RPMs), swimming (crawl, back stroke)
- Initiate running program (late phase): with eccentric quadriceps control during 8" FSD and MD clearance 30 second interval initially
- Initiate plyometric program with MD clearance and evidence of good eccentric quadriceps control Vertical jumping progression: Jump up to jump in place

- Identifying and addressing muscle/ soft tissue imbalances
- Neuromuscular control
- Functional progression
- Quality of movement
- Initiate running program, plyometrics (bilateral)
- Symmetry, quality, alignment during selected movement patterns: squat, jump in place, side to side



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Phase 4: Advanced Strengthening and Function Weeks 16-20+

Criteria for Advancement:
-Demonstrate symmetry,
quality, alignment during
selected movement
patterns
-Medical clearance by
surgeon for return to play
progression
-Lack of apprehension
with sport specific

movements

-Flexibility to meet

demands of sport

- Pain with therapeutic exercise & functional activities
- Inadequate strength, functional strength, ROM, flexibility, fitness when returning to sport
- Continue to advance LE strengthening, flexibility, dynamic single limb stability & agility programs
- Continue to address muscle imbalances evaluationbased
- Advance core stability
- Cross training
  - Advance plyometric program with MD clearance and evidence of good eccentric quadriceps control o Vertical jumping progression: Jump down
    - o Horizontal jumping progression. Broad jump, single leg landings
    - o Progress running program
    - o Cutting, deceleration, change of direction with MD clearance and dynamic single limb stability

- Quality of movement
- Functional progression
- Cardiovascular fitness to meet demands of sport
- Ability to demonstrate strategy, symmetry, quality, control and alignment during selected movement patterns: squat, jump (vertical and horizontal: broad jump, hop to opposite, single leg hop), single leg squat,
- Isokinetic test: 180° / sec and 300° / sec 85% limb symmetry index (LSI)

Protocol adapted from Hospital for Special Surgery Rehabilitation patellar instability guidelines

I hereby certify these services as medically necessary for the patient's plan of care.					
	Date_				
Physician's Signature					

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